

# ARPA ALPHA Annual Review 2016: Plasma Accelerator on SSX

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*Swarthmore College and Bryn Mawr College*

with contributions from

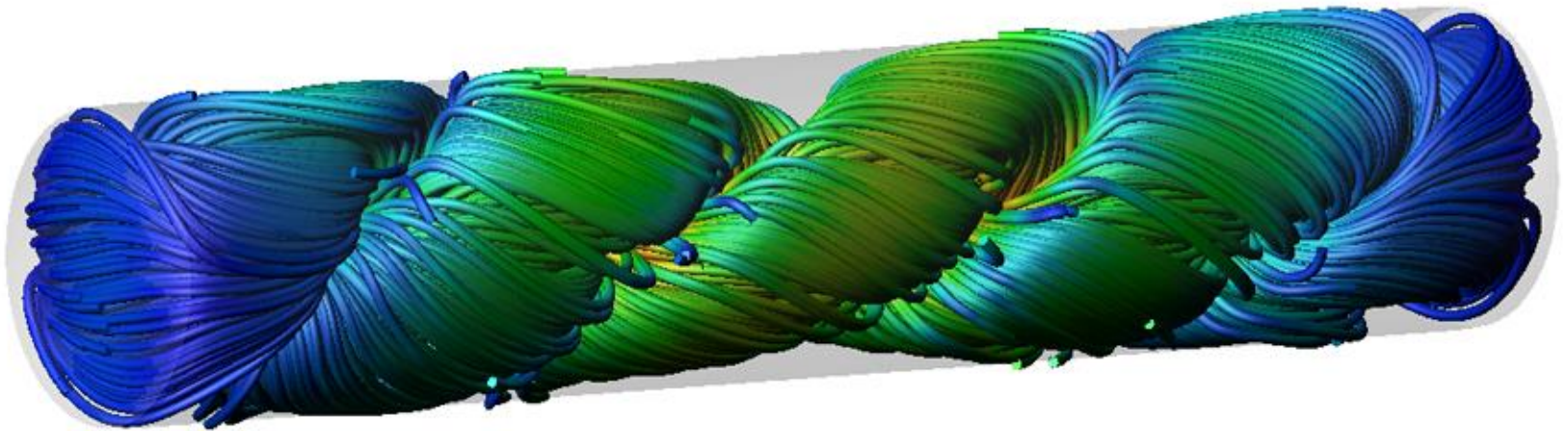
Prof. D. Schaffner, Dr. M. Kaur, J. Han '17, J. Shrock '18, H. Johnson '18 BMC

ALPHA technical talk  
August 10, 2016

Research supported by DOE ARPA-E ALPHA

# Our goal

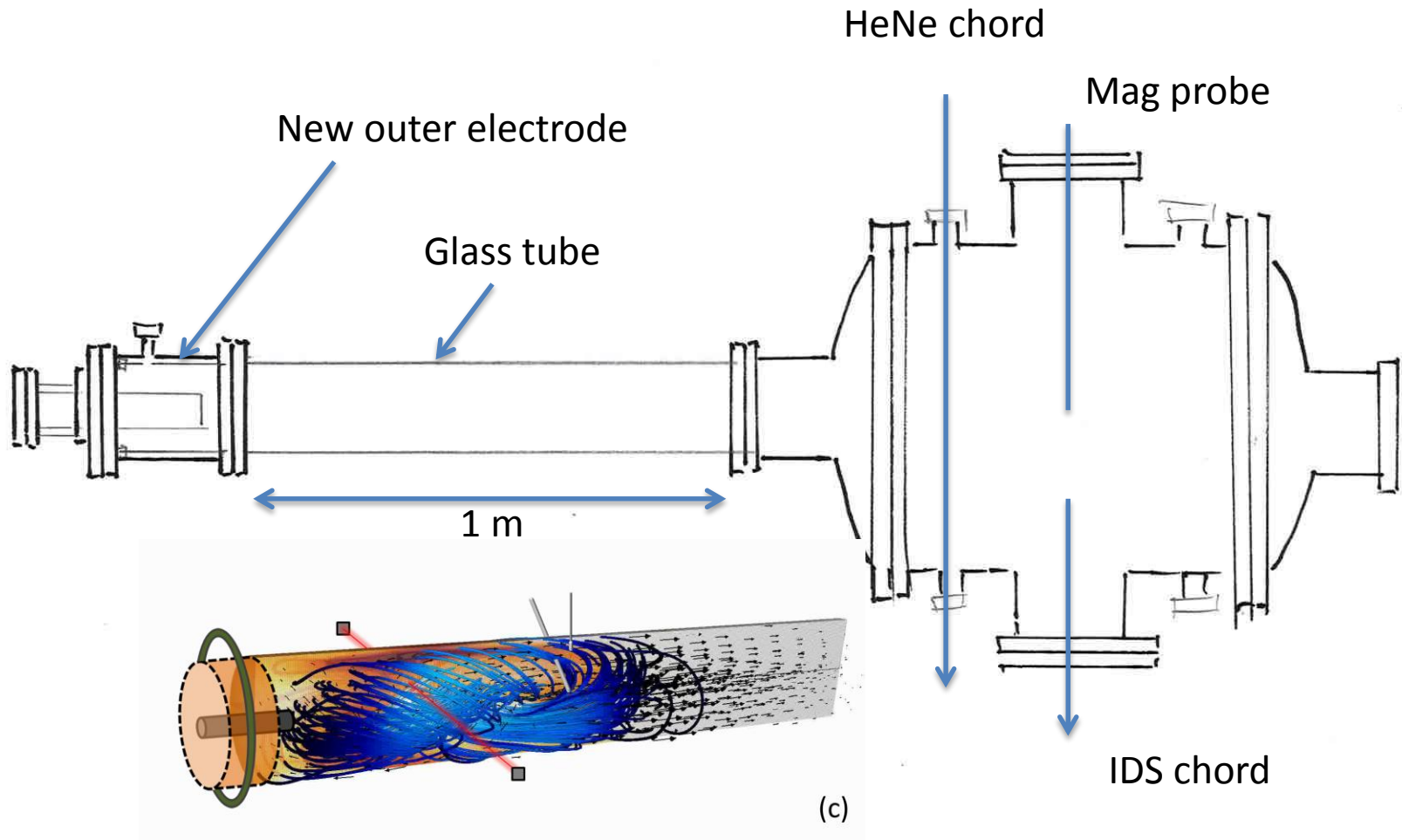
- The twisted Taylor state is a magnetic plasma object, is the minimum energy state in MHD, and was discovered in the SSX lab in 2013 (Gray, et al, PRL)
- Our goal is to accelerate a Taylor state to high velocity, then stagnate and compress the object into a suitable MIF target



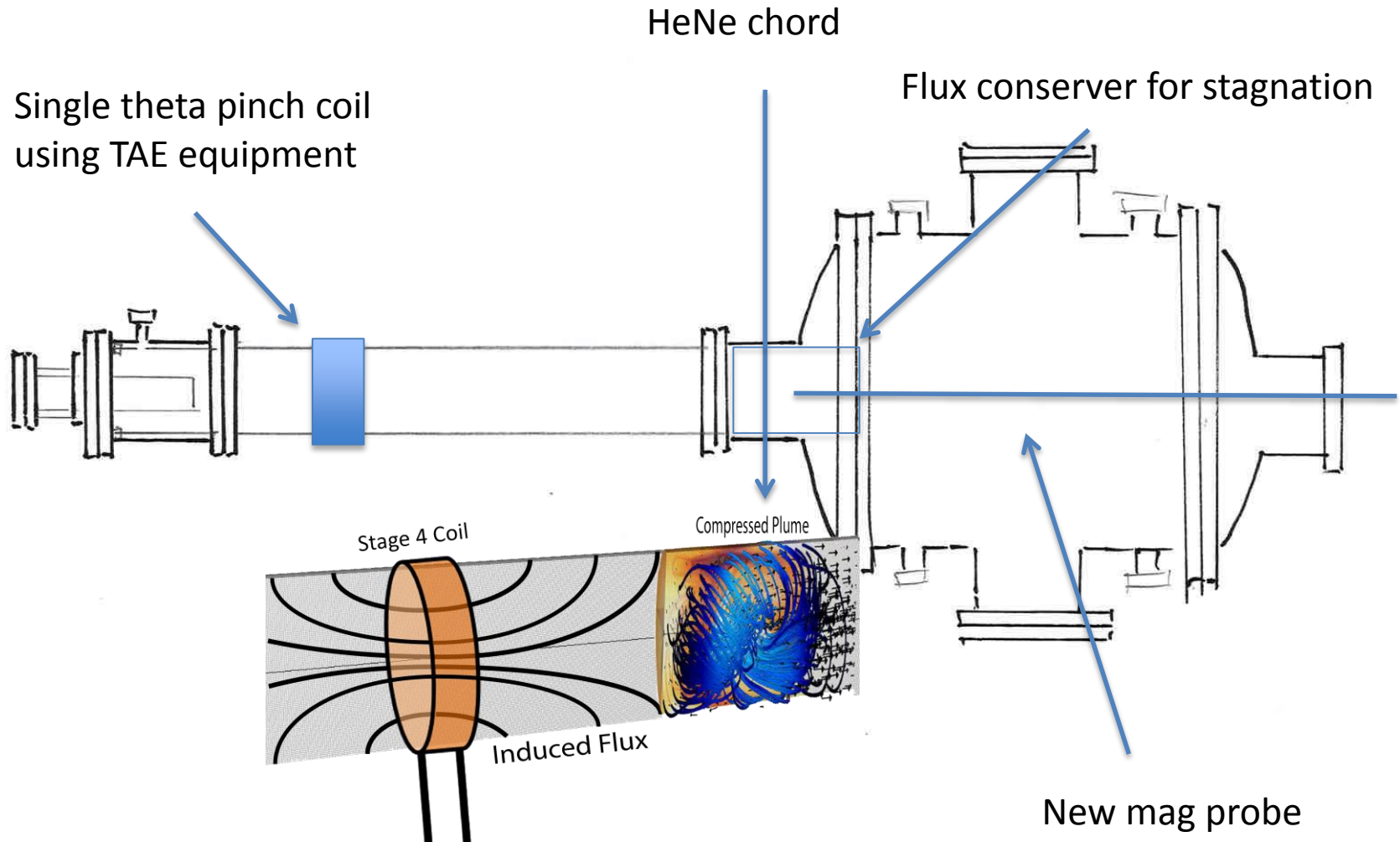
# Overview of year one

- New postdoc Dr. Manjit Kaur is at SSX (May 2016)
- Five new students: Jeremy Han '17 and Jaron Shrock '18, Hayley Johnson '18 BMC, Codie Fiedler-Kawaguchi '18 BMC, Emmeline Douglas-Mann '18 BMC
- First SSX plasma in glass boundary, with various liners, flexibility for many experiments with quick turnaround and over 50 shots per day
- Assembling high voltage test stand using TAE parts and new theta pinch coil
- $V = 30 \text{ km/s}$ ,  $n = 10^{15}$ ,  $T_i = 30 \text{ eV}$  un-accelerated plume

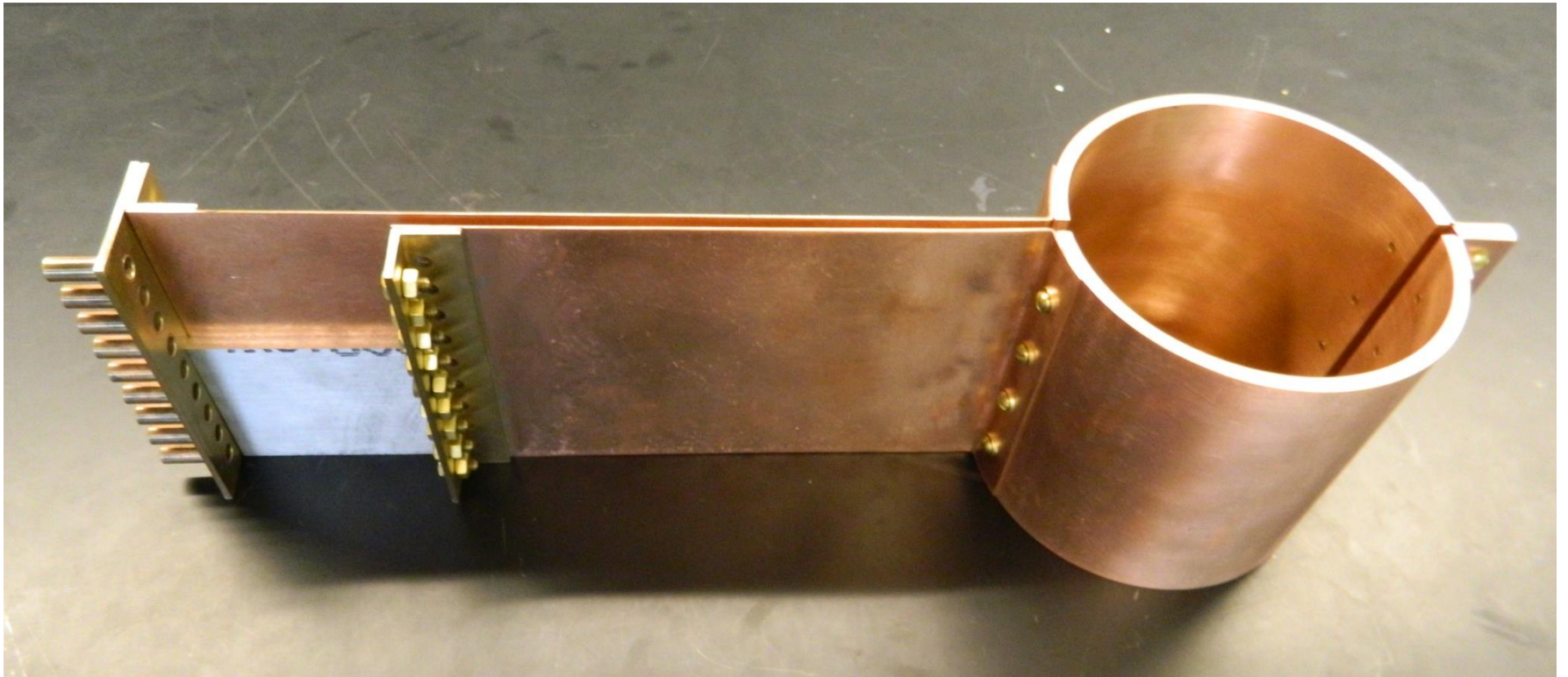
# Experiments in early summer 2016



# Next step fall 2016 (end of year one)

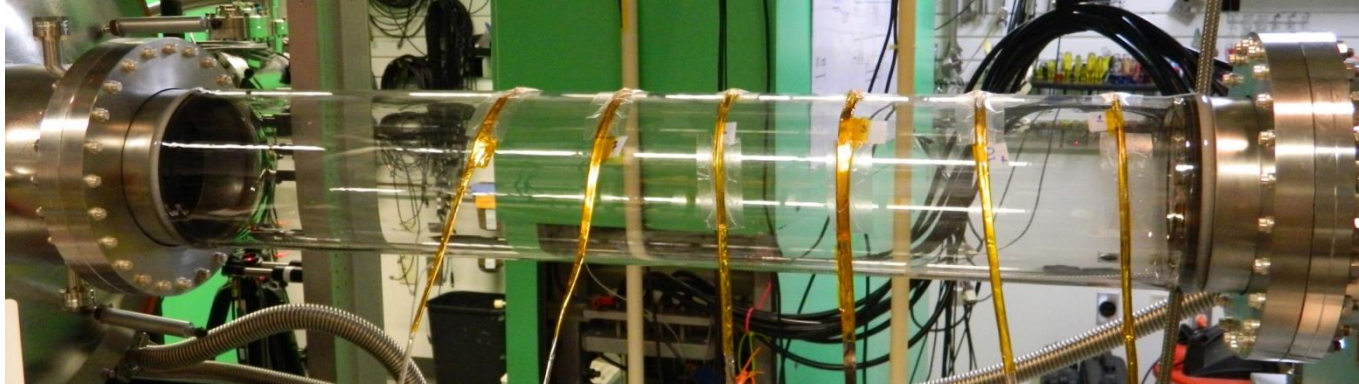


# Accelerating theta pinch coil

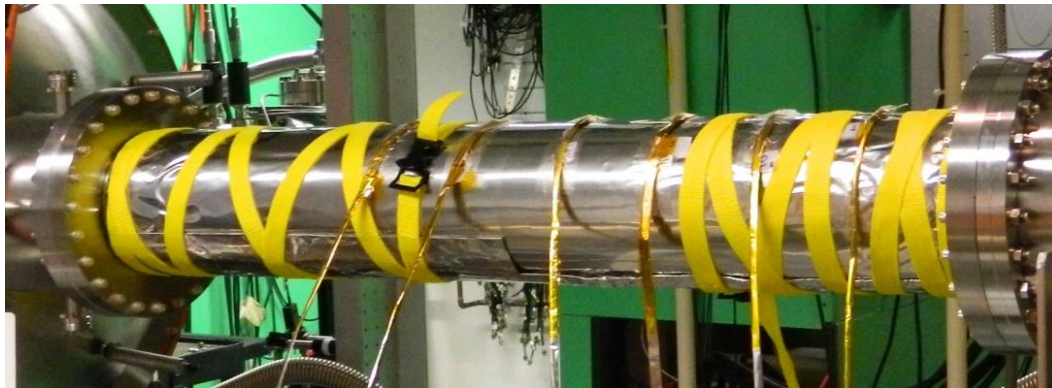




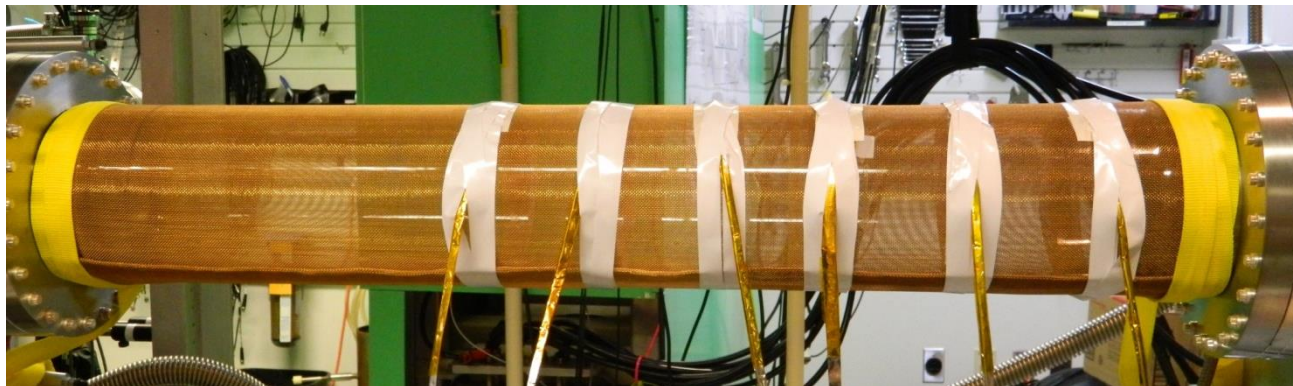
# Three different boundary conditions



Glass Tube

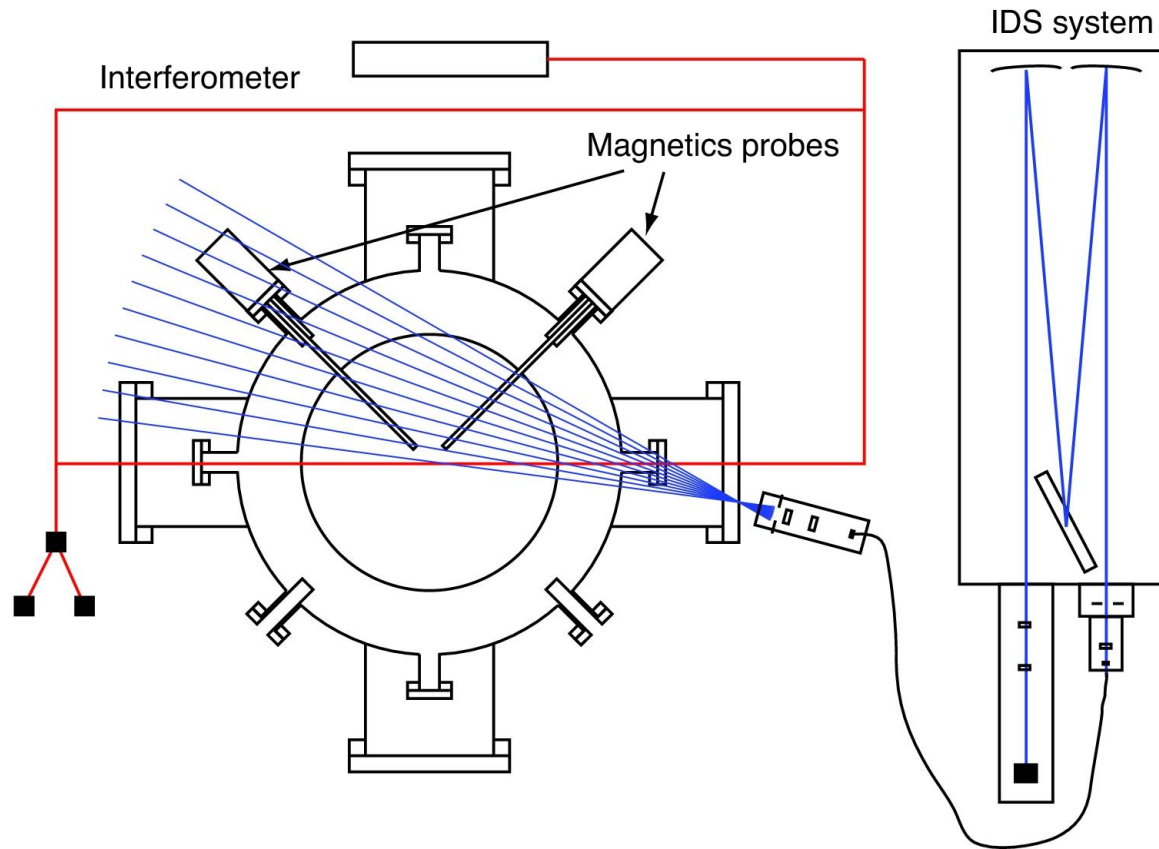


Resistive Liner



Mesh Flux  
Conservator

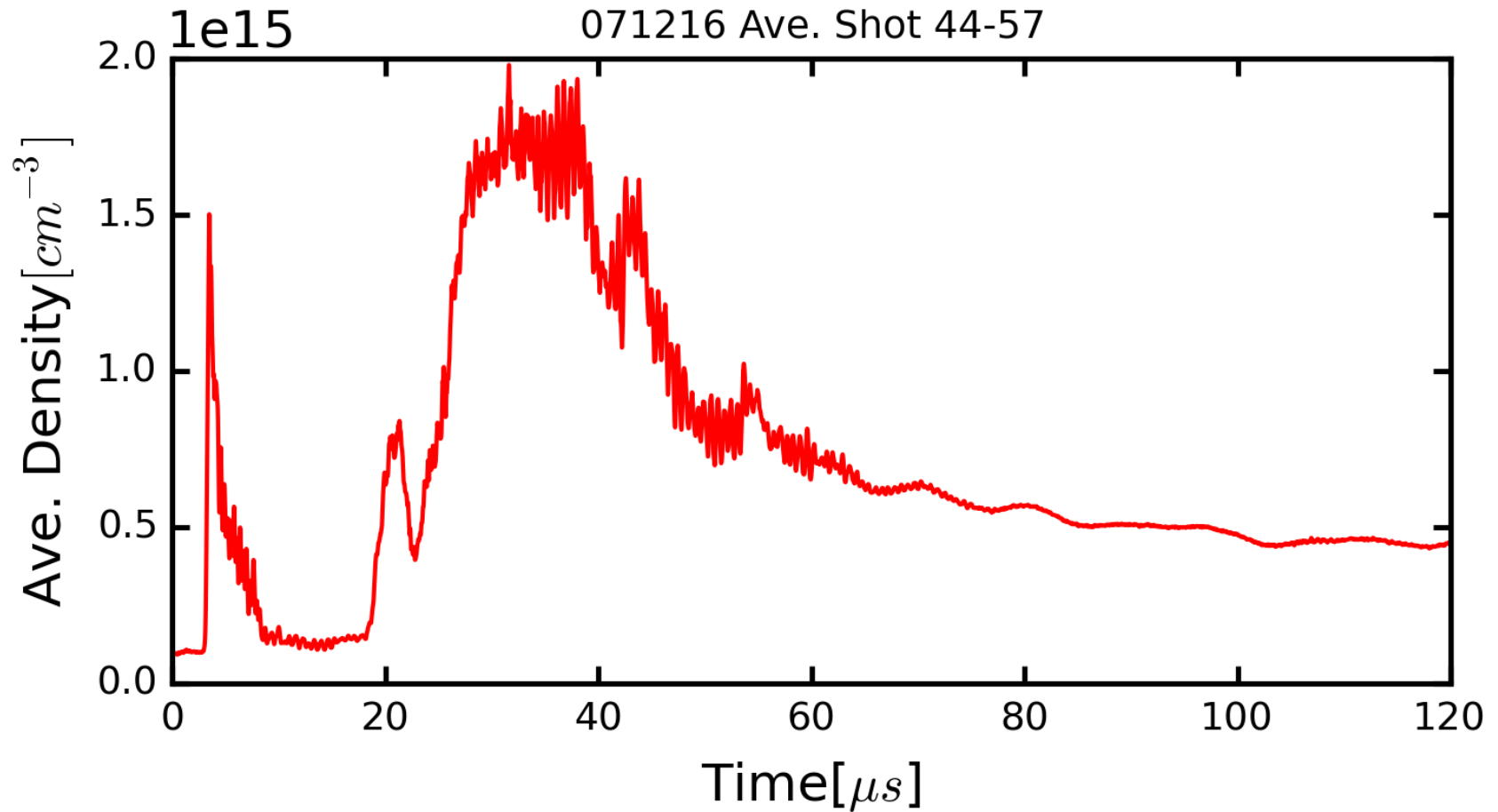
# Ion Doppler spectrometer on SSX



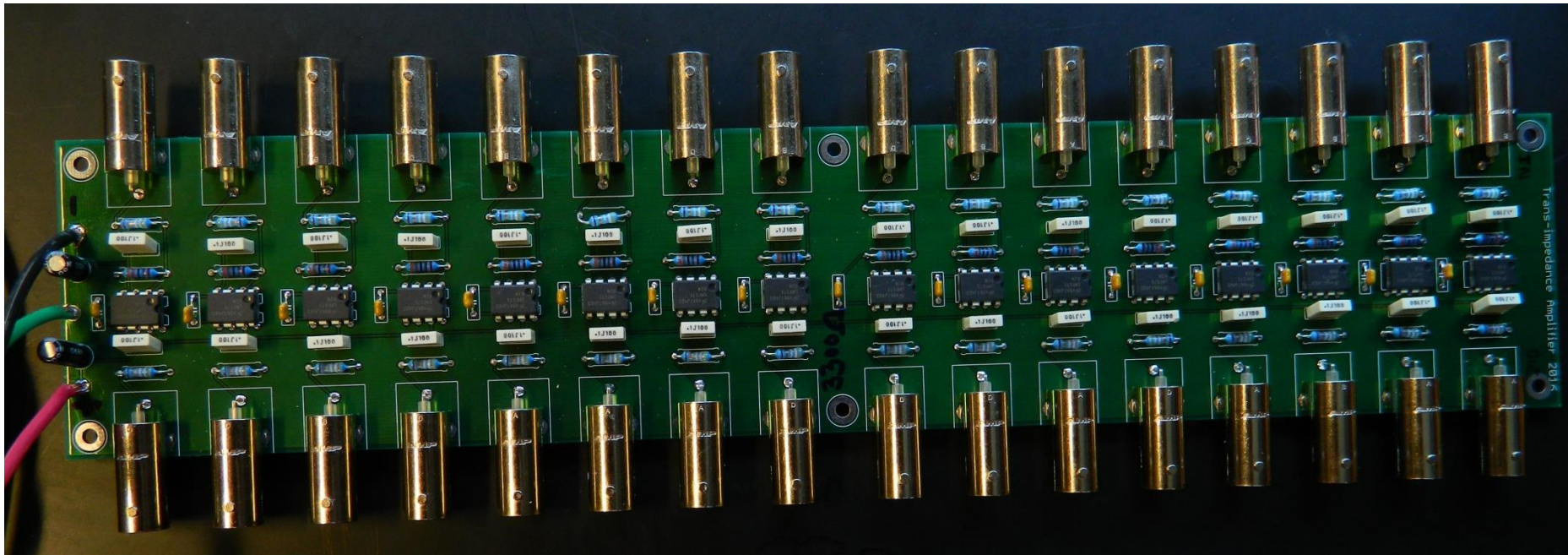
Interferometer chord and two magnetic probes also shown



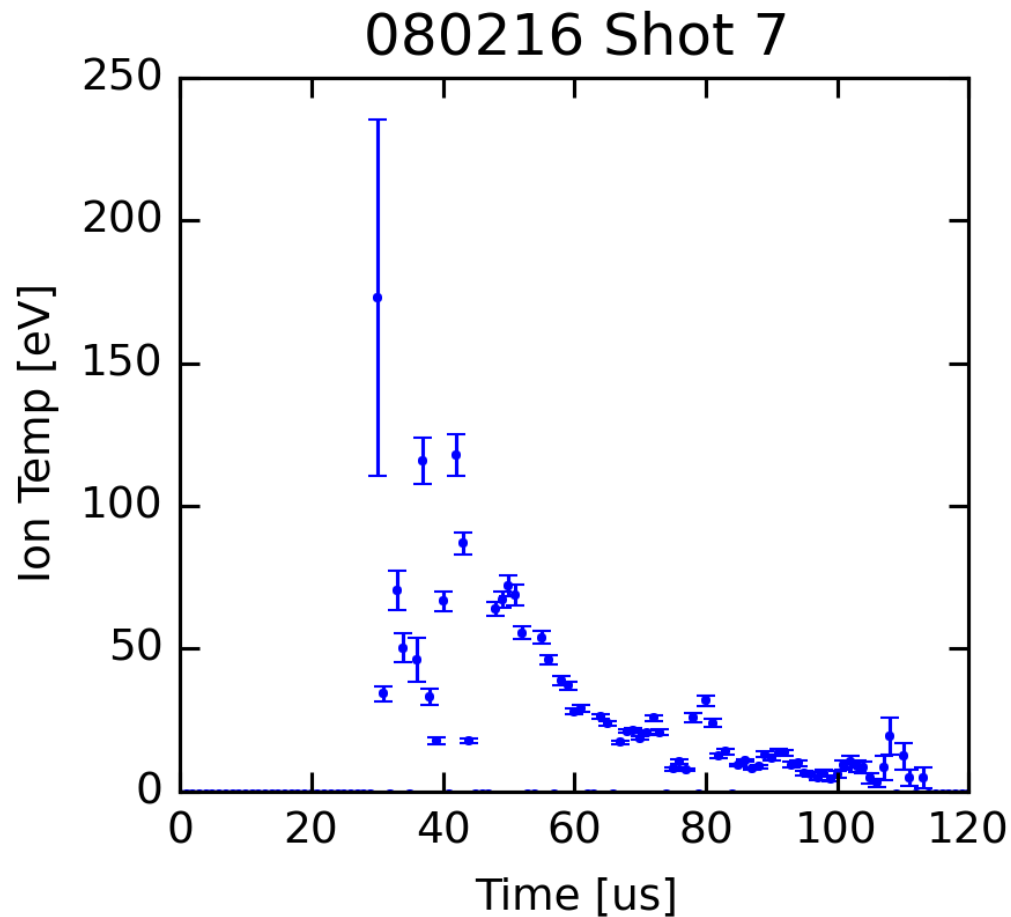
# Density trace from glass



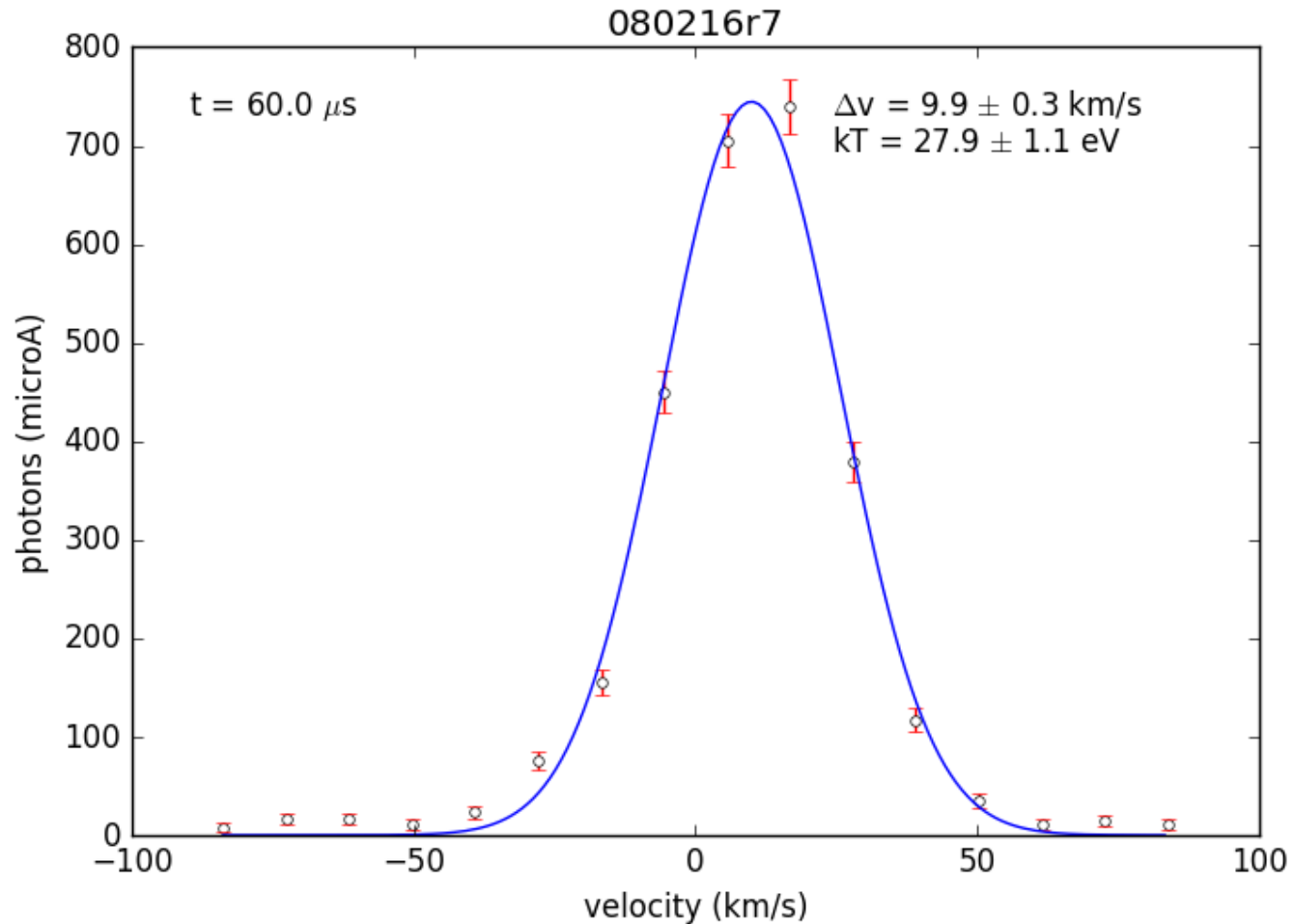
# 16-channel trans-impedance amplifier circuit



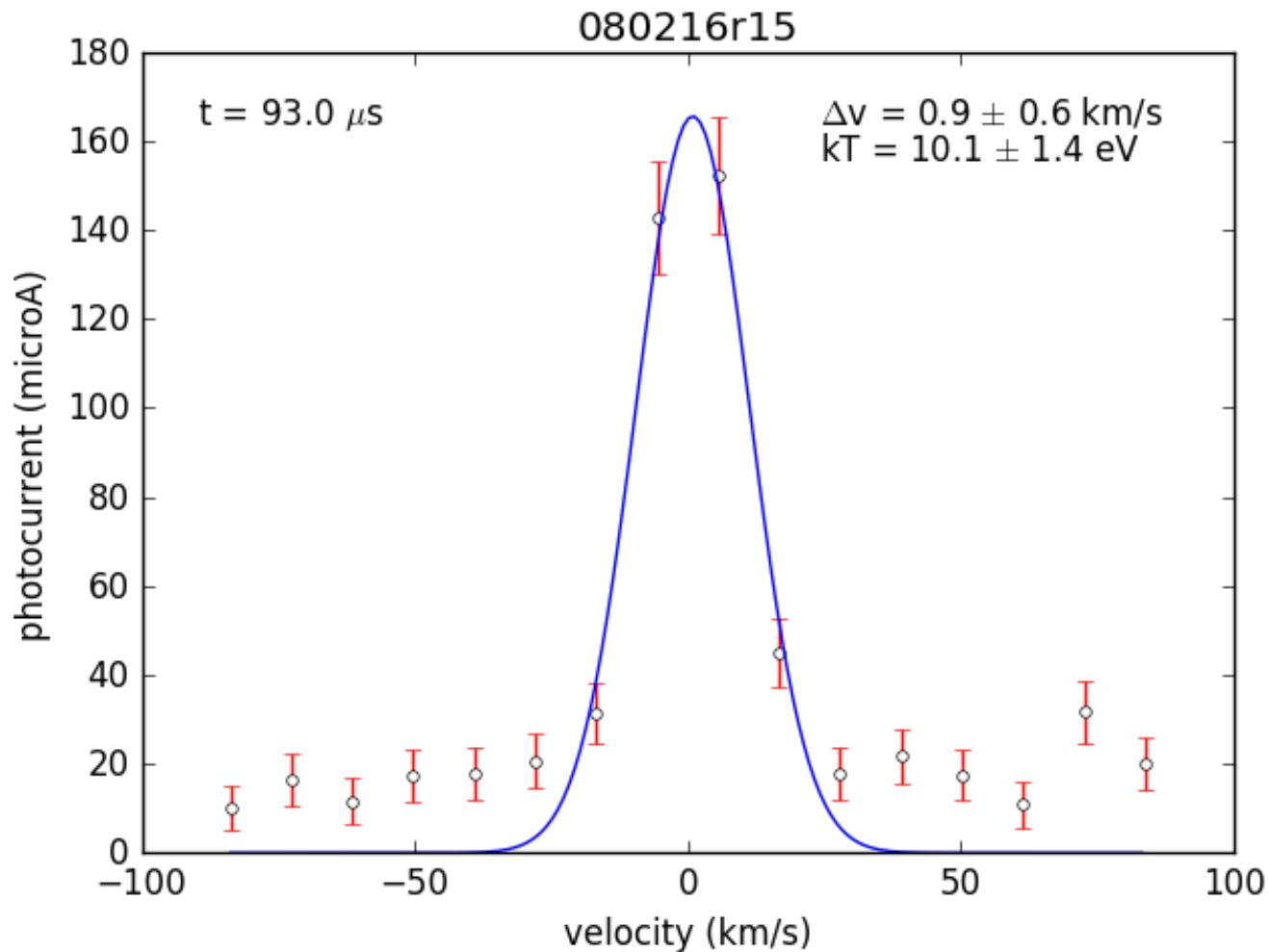
# $T_i$ from copper, single shot IDS



# Line shape from copper



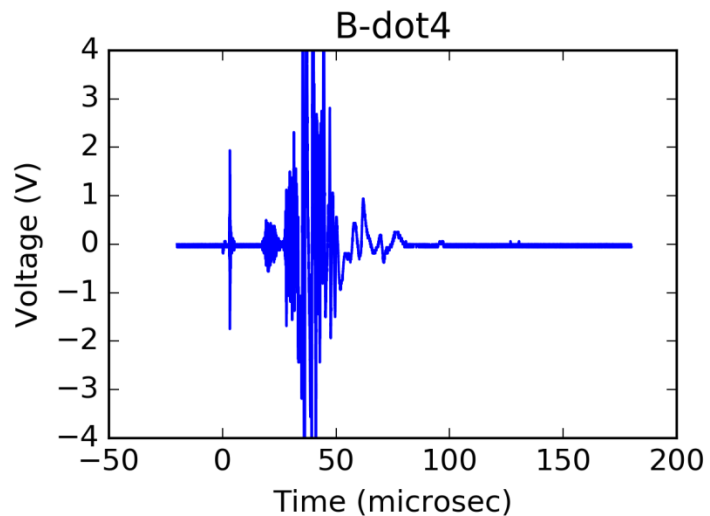
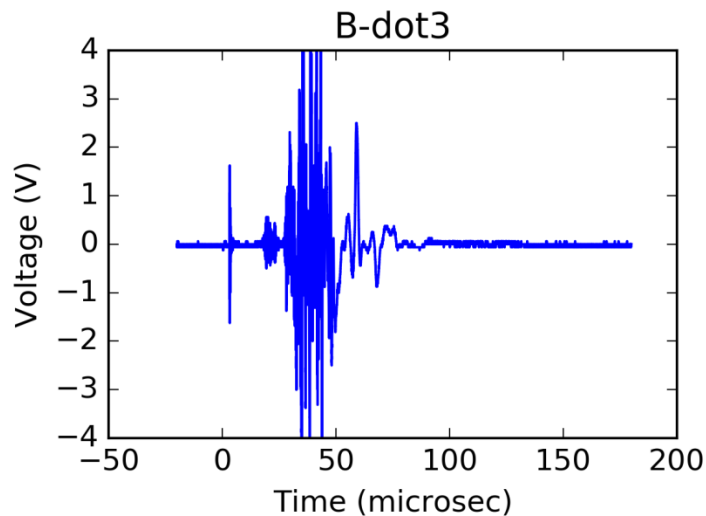
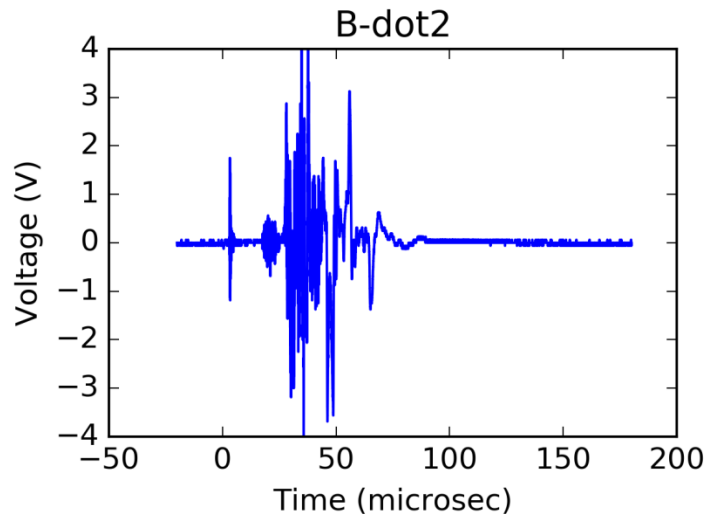
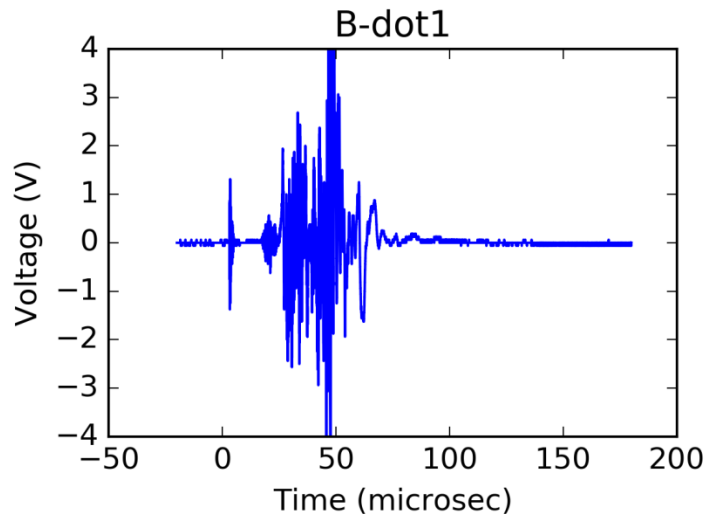
# Line shape from glass





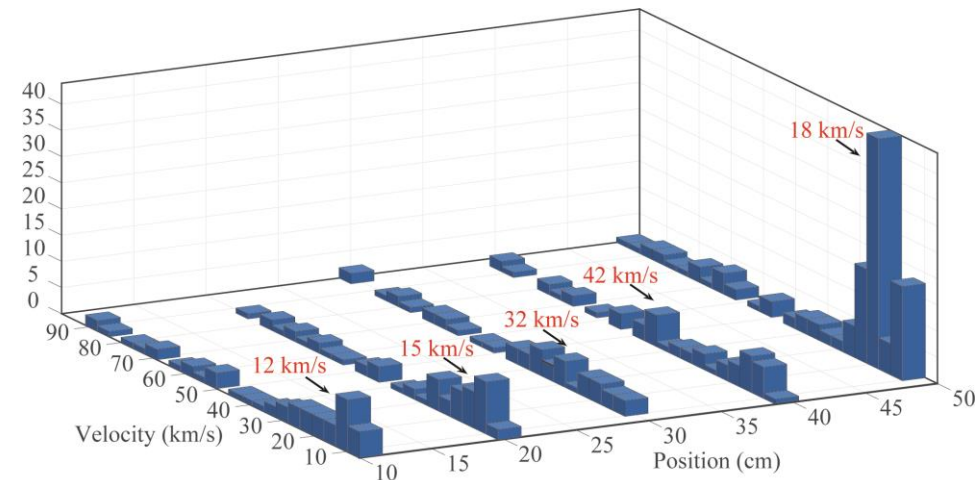
# Time of flight measurements

Using probes single turn loops, 10 cm separation

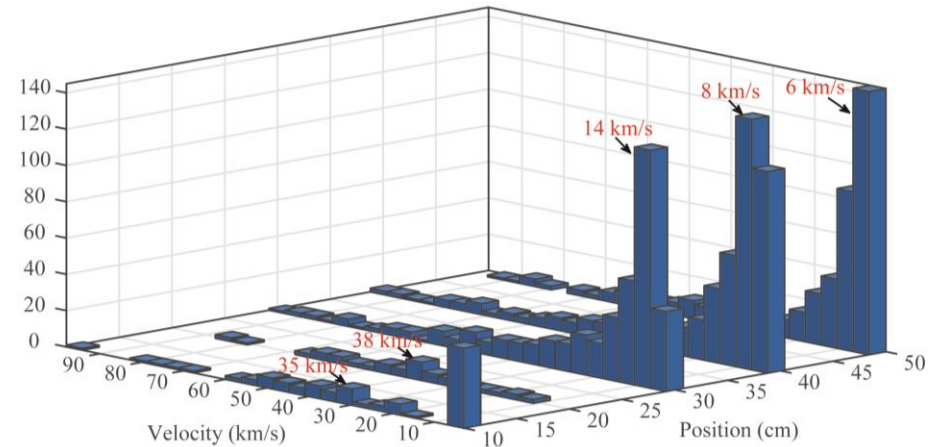


# ToF with & without resistive liner

## With Resistive Liner

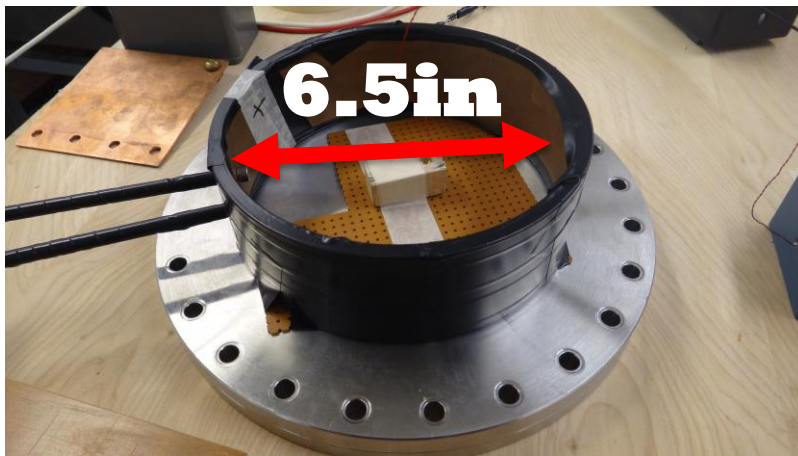


## With Glass boundary

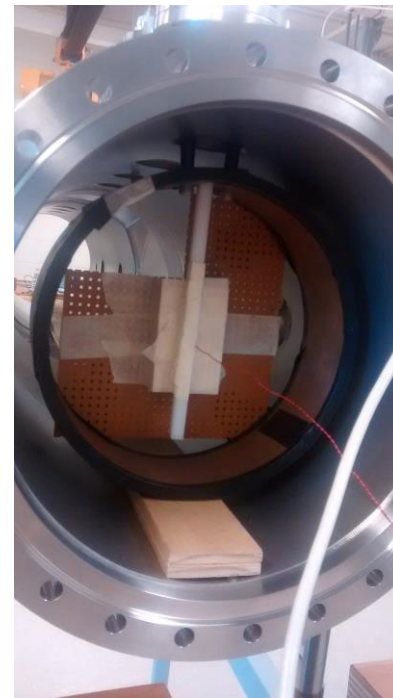


# Measurements of Effect of Metal on Pulsed Coil (Bryn Mawr)

- Year 3 milestone: demonstration of coil *inside* a S.S. chamber
- Proof of Concept experiments conducted at Bryn Mawr College



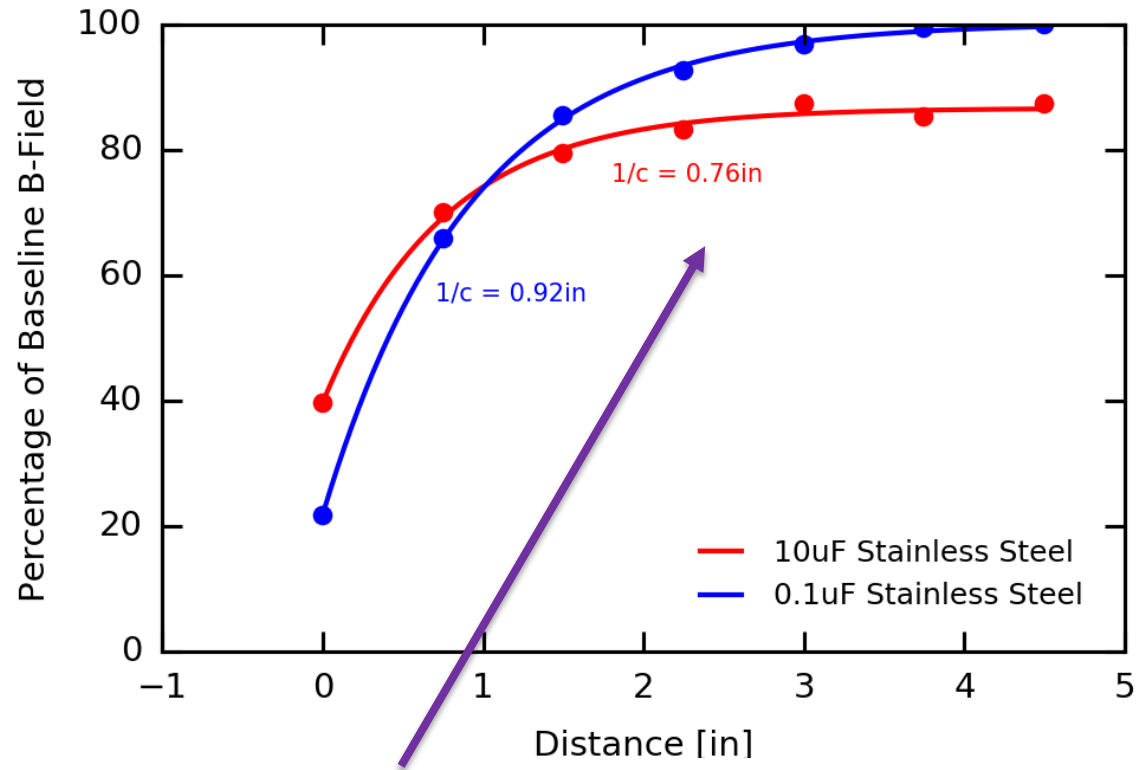
Effect of distance from a stainless steel plate on magnetic field signal of a pulsed coil



Measurement of pulsed coil magnetic field "in-situ"

# Fast (w/0.1 $\mu\text{F}$ cap) and Slow (w/10 $\mu\text{F}$ cap) pulses tested with distance

- Fast pulses ( $\sim 1 \mu\text{s}$ ) recover all field
- Slow pulses ( $\sim 20 \mu\text{s}$ ) never fully recover
- Little difference in recovery at  $< 1 \text{ in}$



Field mostly recovered after  $\sim 3 \text{ in}$  ( $\sim r_{\text{coil}}$ )

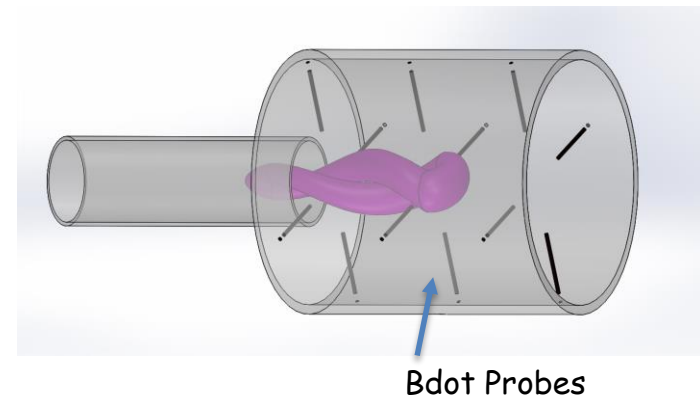
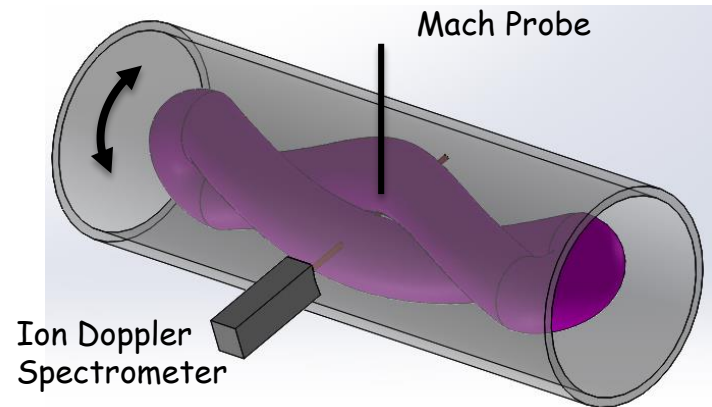
# Exploring characters of the helix target

Though not focus of our proposal, we can explore characteristics of the Taylor state as a target

*(many motivated by interaction with ALPHA members)*

Examples:

- 1) What is the rotation behavior of the Taylor state?
- 2) What is the expansion time/stability of the Taylor state outside of a flux conserving boundary?





# Review summary 2016

- Taylor state characterized in new glass extension with a variety of liners, ready for stagnation experiments
- Accelerator test stand (1  $\mu\text{F}$  @ 20 kV) nearly ready using TAE equipment and new theta pinch coil

